

The Brattleboro Reformer

DAILY

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THAT NEW TARIFF BILL

Democrats Seek to Widen Foreign Market for American Goods

WOULD ENCOURAGE RECIPROCITY TREATIES

New Measure Proposes That Normal Rates Be Maximum With Special Concessions to Countries Making Treaties.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—An attempt to widen the foreign market for American goods and to encourage reciprocity treaties with all foreign nations is embodied in the new tariff bill in a clause empowering the President to grant favors to any nation giving mutual concessions to the United States.

The reciprocity clause takes the place of the penalty clause in the present tariff law.

The new bill proposes that normal tariff rates be maximum and that special rates be granted to countries entering into reciprocity agreements with the United States. In the present law normal rates are minimum.

CHICAGO'S NEW COURT OFFICIALLY OPENED

Will Give Women a Chance to Reform—Effort Will Be Made to Punish Commercialized Vice.

CHICAGO, April 7.—Chicago's latest venture in the suppression of vice, the new morals court, was officially opened today. The express purpose of the court is to prevent as well as punish crimes and misdemeanors over which it has jurisdiction. Those brought before the court will be given an opportunity to change their way of living. Positions will be found for women desiring to reform their lives. Strong efforts will be made to punish commercialized vice.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

5 cents a line first insertion; 2-12 cents a line each subsequent insertion

Wanted

WANTED—Washings, 4 Spring St., 29-34.

BOY WANTED—Apply Reformer Office.

WANTED—Watches, Main Springs 75c, cleaning \$1.00; also sick clocks repaired. Howe, 117 Main St., one light up.

WANTED—Married man for general farm work; good tenement furnished. Send me the bill. D. L. Preston, Northfield, Mass. 31-36

WANTED—Married man for general farm work. Must be good milk-er. Tenement furnished. References required. A. I. Cushman, 27 Sargent St., Springfield, Mass. 30-35

WANTED—Twenty-five men to learn the auto business, and prepare to fill vacancies at \$15.00 to \$40.00 per week. Special opportunity during the spring rush. Write now, stating age. The Maine Auto Company, 456 Fore Street, Portland, Me. 12-37

For Sale

FOR SALE—Furniture and Ranges, new and second-hand at J. B. Dutton's.

FOR SALE—Farms. Circular free. Dept. 81. P. F. Leland, 31 Milk St., Boston. 1-1f

FOR SALE and TO RENT placards at the Vermont Printing Co. Price 10 cents.

FOR SALE—A cottage house at 4 Church place. Inquire of C. F. Cook, 25 Williams St. 8-1f

FOR SALE—Chestnut mare, weight 1050, nice driver. Inquire A. B. Goodale, Tel. 148-M. 28-1f

FOR SALE—Dump carts and log trucks, coupes, hacks, all kinds of buggies, 1 low-down rubber tired trap, second hand slate, doors and windows; asbestos and rubber roofing the best, never needs painting; American Steel and Wire fencing; galvanized steel posts, barbed wire, etc. Any of the above articles mentioned I will trade for sheep, cows, hogs or anything that I can handle and I can handle everything. Charles Miner. 29-1f

THE MORE YOU READ RE-
FORMER ADVERTISEMENTS THE
BETTER WE CAN MAKE THE
REFORMER.

AUTO KILLED GIRL— OWNER RUSHED ON

Was Captured After a Chase of 18 Miles—Released on Bail and Chauffeur is in Jail.

PRINCETON, N. J., April 7.—Mary Duryea, 16, a Princeton high school girl, was killed on Washington road near Carnegie lake, yesterday afternoon by an automobile of Joseph I. Moran of 1223 Pacific street, Brooklyn, vice-president and secretary of the Atlantic Basin Iron works.

The car did not stop. Leaving the girl dead beside the road Mr. Moran and his chauffeur, Irving Hoffman, hurried on toward Brooklyn.

Near New Brunswick, 18 miles away, a policeman in a pursuing car blocked their path, made them stop and arrested them. They were brought back to Princeton and arranged before Mayor Phillips.

Hoffman was sent to the Trenton jail without bail on a homicide charge pending the inquest. Moran, held as a material witness, was released in \$1,000 bail, given by Peter Backus, a Trenton lawyer, to whom he telephoned news of his arrest.

Moran admits that his car hit a girl, and says that he and the chauffeur, who was driving, lost their heads and so did not stop. He told the New Brunswick police that he had not supposed Miss Duryea was seriously hurt.

PRINT SHOP TEAM TAKEN INTO CAMP

West Brattleboro Lads Won First Baseball Game of Season 7 to 0—Only One Hit Off Taylor.

A West Brattleboro baseball team took a team of the Vermont Printing company into camp by the shuttle route in a three-inning contest on Clark's diamond in Centerville Saturday. The score in this first recorded game of the season was 7 to 0 and the losers made only one measly hit off Taylor, who did the twirling for West Brattleboro. Here is the lineup of the two teams:

West Brattleboro—M. Hamilton, 1b; C. Covey, 2b; L. Hamilton, cf; Taylor, p; Kaine, ss; Stockwell, 3b; Johnson, 1b; Fredericksen, cf; Varney, rf; Vermont Printing company—T. Nelson, c; J. O'Donnell, p; R. Miner, 1b; H. Brazer, 2b; R. Baneroff, ss; P. Martin, 3b; Exner, 1b; Fredericksen, cf; Wisley, rf.

Many a horse is on the wrong end of the reins.

Time and distance have been whitened but not overcome.

SHERIFF LORD MET SETBACK

Paid for Drawing Room Reservation for Wren, but Plan Failed

COMPLAINT WILL BE MADE TO RAILROAD

Had to Ride in Pull View in Common Car—Prisoner Not Downcast, but Appeared Cheerful—Sealed Exhibits Sent by Express.

A column in the Halifax (N. S.) Daily Echo of Friday afternoon was devoted to a story of the delivery of John H. Wren, who formerly lived on Birge street, to the United States police to be brought from Halifax to Keene. Aside from the history of extradition proceedings the story was as follows:

John Wren, wanted in New Hampshire on the charge of causing the death of James Stewart Hamilton, left this morning for that state in custody of Sheriff Lord of New Hampshire, and Chief Philbrick of Keene, N. H. The extradition warrant was expected to arrive from Ottawa by the Maritime express yesterday afternoon, and Sheriff Lord remained at his office late to receive it and facilitate the duty of the United States officers. But it did not arrive until last night and was received at 1:30 this morning. The warrant directed extradition of Wren out of Canada into the United States and the handing him over to the accredited United States officials.

Sheriff Lord and Chief Philbrick, accompanied by Chief Rudland, went to the court house early this morning and Sheriff Lord presented his credentials, signed by President Taft, to Jailer Mitchell, who handed the prisoner over, together with the Minister of Justice's warrant, to their custody, after Sheriff Lord had been identified. Wren, who did not seem downcast, but on the contrary appeared rather cheerful, was then taken, handcuffed, into a cab with the New Hampshire officials and city chief and driven to North street station, where the C. P. R. train was boarded.

At the train Sheriff Lord met with a setback. He had taken the precaution to pay for a reservation of a drawing room with the intention of keeping the prisoner, who was handcuffed, from the gaze of the public. But one of the train officials would not permit of the prisoner being taken in the drawing room, so he occupied a seat in a first class car, in full view, with the New Hampshire officials along side of him. This was a setback to Mr. Lord, after the care he had taken in arranging details for the trip and a complaint will be made to the C. P. R. company.

Wren is now on his way as fast as the railway will carry him, and is being arranged in New Hampshire on Monday to plead the superior court there having adjourned until that date. On Monday the date of trial will likely be fixed.

The exhibits of the case, including money found on the prisoner, etc., were handed over by Chief Rudland to the New Hampshire officials a couple of days ago and sealed and expressed to New Hampshire.

While here Wren had the advantage of every point that could be taken in his favor under the extradition treaty and law.

A Manchester, N. H., despatch dated yesterday says: "Sergeant John T. O'Dowd of the Manchester police department arrived here today after assisting to bring Jack Wren from Halifax to New Hampshire, where he will undergo trial for the alleged murder of J. Stewart Hamilton at Hinesdale in February."

Sergeant O'Dowd characterizes Wren as the coolest prisoner charged with the commission of a serious crime who has come under his observation in 25 years. "Wren put up a determined fight in his efforts to resist extradition, the sergeant said last night, but as soon as the courts had decided against him he made no more trouble either in Halifax or on the journey. In fact, he was apparently the least concerned of any of the party, and while ready and willing to discuss any other matters, he refused to have anything to say bearing upon the crime with which he is charged, except to state that when the time for his trial came he would establish his innocence."

All the way from Halifax to the jail in Keene he was handcuffed to some one of the officers in charge of him.

SPECTACULAR RAID.

Deputy Sheriff Shot and 250 Men and Women Arrested.

EAST ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 7.—In a spectacular raid last night in the so-called red light district a deputy was probably fatally shot, another man was wounded and 250 men and women were arrested.

Nobody can be a good leader who hasn't sometime been a first-rate follower.

There's something wrong in a chap when he feels badly in growing old.

PRESIDENT WILL ADDRESS THE HOUSE

Will Deliver His Message at the Capital, Breaking the Tradition of a Century.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—President Wilson, setting aside precedents of more than a century, will appear in the halls of Congress tomorrow to deliver his first legislative message in person. He announced to Democratic congressional leaders last night that he would go to the floor of the House when it convened tomorrow, and there give that body his views on the tariff. This decision of the president evoked much comment among the congressional leaders. He will be the first president of the United States to appear officially before either branch of Congress in deliberative session since John Adams in the first few years of the last century. An attempt was made exactly 100 years ago, in 1813, to revive the custom, but President Madison declined an invitation to discuss foreign relations with the Senate. Since then no president has even suggested joining in the deliberations of Congress.

The president believes that he can get in closer touch with the members of both houses of Congress by personally expressing his views to them. In addition to his official visits to the floor of the House, which will become a matter of White House policy, the president will take advantage of these visits to hold conferences with the party leaders in Congress. It was suggested last night that the Senate might go over to the House while the president read his message. Such a proposal is under consideration by Congressional leaders.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—President Wilson's determination to read his own message to Congress tomorrow completely displaced the tariff and the income tax as subjects of chief popular interest.

Congress was amazed when it learned of the president's plan.

Arrangements have been made for both the two branches to meet in the hall of the House of Representatives for the event.

Under ordinary circumstances the two bodies meet in joint convention to receive in every four years for the perfunctory ceremony of canvassing the electoral vote.

PLEADED GUILTY AND PAID FINE OF \$300

Wilmington Man Had State's Attorney File Information Against Him—Jail Sentence Suspended.

Thomas Toomey, one of the several victims of the recent liquor raids at Wilmington, and who was bound over to the county court, appeared here this morning and asked to have an information filed against him that the case might be disposed of at once.

State's Attorney A. V. D. Piper accordingly filed an information charging Toomey with keeping liquor for sale and selling it illegally. He pleaded guilty to both counts and was fined \$300 and costs of \$10.14 on the charge of selling, which he paid. On the charge of keeping liquor for sale he was ordered committed to jail for not less than nine months nor more than 10 and ordered to pay costs of \$10.14. Upon payment of the costs the jail sentence was suspended and he was placed on probation for two years. The failure to live up to the terms of the probation meaning the imposing of the original sentence.

"NOT GUILTY" SAID WREN IN CALM TONE

Arraigned in Superior Court in Keene This Afternoon—Stood 10 Minutes While Indictment Was Read.

KEENE, N. H., April 7.—John H. Wren, who was brought here from Halifax, N. S., Saturday, was arraigned before Judge Chamberlain in the superior court here at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon, charged with the murder of James S. Hamilton in Hinesdale Feb. 5, also charged with robbery.

For about 10 minutes Wren stood while Clerk of Court L. W. Holmes read the long indictment, and when asked to plead he said in a calm tone: "Not guilty."

Wren manifested absolutely no emotion during the proceedings, appearing cool and collected.

It is understood that Wren's counsel will be Benton & Pickard of this city.

THE WEATHER.

Fair Tonight and Tuesday, Northerly Winds.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—Weather forecast: Fair tonight and Tuesday; moderate to brisk northerly winds.

Many a fall-down means a rise in the world.

'Tis the old routine after all that tells the story.

When friends meet unexpectedly reminiscence is sweet.

CONGRESS OPENS TODAY

Summoned by President Wilson for Purpose of Revising the Tariff

DEMOCRATS CONTROL HOUSE AND SENATE

Whether Currency Reforms and Other Important Subjects Are Taken Up Depends Upon the Progress That is Made With Tariff Revision.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—A complete revision of the tariff law, modification of the nation's currency system; proposals for Philippine independence; for repeal of the Panama canal free-trade provision, and for the immediate construction of government owned railways in Alaska, are the chief problems confronting the first session of the Sixty-third Congress, beginning at noon today.

Summoned by President Wilson for the express purpose of revising the tariff, the new Congress faces extreme pressure from many quarters for early action on the other subjects named. Whether any of these other than the tariff, will be taken up during the special session depends upon the progress made with the tariff revision, and the success that may attend preliminary work upon a general currency reform bill.

For the first time in 18 years, Congress assembled with both its branches under control of the Democrats, and with a Democratic President to co-operate in shaping its policies, and to approve its acts. The tariff law will be the first general Democratic revision of the revenue laws since the act of August 27, 1894, known to history as the "Wilson-Gorman law," and which President Cleveland allowed to become a law without his signature.

Scores of familiar faces were absent in both houses. In the House, the complete change in the seating arrangements had made even old members strangers to the scene. In place of the mahogany desks and chairs to which members had clung for many years, stiff rows of leather-upholstered benches, arranged in semi-circles, filled the House chamber. The new bench system, somewhat similar to that of the British House of Commons, gives no desk space at which members can write or work while in the House chamber.

New members dominate the new House in the new Congress. The increase of the membership of the House of 396 to 435, which became effective March 4, brought in a larger proportion of new members than have appeared in any Congress of recent years; and made more conspicuous the absence of old-time leaders, such as Former Speaker Cannon, John Dalzell of Pennsylvania, Nicholas Longworth of Ohio, Samuel W. McCall of Massachusetts, E. J. Hill of Connecticut, and William B. McKinley of Illinois.

The work before Congress today consisted chiefly of organization business. The Senate had completed its organization early in March, during the special session called to act on President Wilson's appointments. Vice President Marshall served chairs to early apprenticeship as presiding officer, and the Democratic leaders took charge of the Senate, elected officers and chose committees at that session, and were prepared for general legislative work today. The organization of the House was expected to consume all of today's session of that body.

President Wilson's message will be read to both houses shortly after the beginning of the session tomorrow. In his call summoning the extraordinary session of Congress the President did not specify the purpose for which it was to be convened. Members of Congress who had talked with the executive expected that the message, prepared to greet the new Congress would have action upon the tariff as the first duty of the Democratic majorities in the two houses, but would leave the way open for action on the currency and other pressing matters, if it is decided later to take them up.

Democratic majorities in both House and Senate are considered strong enough to carry through the program of tariff revision determined upon by recent conferences, in which the President had consulted with Representative Underwood and Senator Simmons, the tariff leaders of the two bodies. The Democrats have a majority of over 140 in the House, their membership of 288 being double the combined strength of the Republicans and Progressives.

In the Senate the Democratic strength is 51, and the combined Republican and Progressive strength 45. This margin is counted on to secure favorable action on the tariff, unless sectional interests of Democratic senators should bring about a combination against certain features of the bill, in which several Democratic votes might be swayed from support of the measure.

Three candidates had been selected to lead the three parties in the balloting in the House today for the Speakership; but the re-election of Speaker Clark and the other officers who served the House in the last session was assured. The Democrats had unanimously endorsed Mr. Clark, the Republicans had again named James P. Mann of Illinois, who has been Republican leader; and the Progressives had aligned themselves behind Representative Victor Murdock of Kansas.

The Progressive members appear for the first time in the new Congress as a separate party in the conduct of House affairs.

Many progressive members, elected in November, have joined the party organization and will act in concert throughout the session, at least upon measures that may be advanced as part of the Progressive party's legislative program.

President Wilson's influence is expected, by Democratic leaders of both houses, to be a potent factor in the shaping of legislation throughout the extra session. The President has taken an active part in the preparatory work on the tariff bill; and will keep in close touch with the Senate and House through the consideration of the tariff, currency or other subjects that may be taken up during the session. He has made it known that he may frequently appear in person at the Capitol, and seeking personal conferences with those active in the conduct of legislative affairs.

Important changes in the rules of the Senate will be brought forward during the next few days. These changes, as advocated by the new Democratic leaders of the Senate, and approved by President Wilson, seek to prevent any concentration of power in the hands of a few senators, or of committee chairmen. It is proposed to make the chairmanships elective; to give the members of each committee the right to call meetings without securing the consent of the chairman; and to authorize committees to elect members of joint conference committees.

The latter provision if adopted will leave to the full Democratic membership of the Finance Committee the selection of the three or five senators who will confer with a similar house committee in the settlement of tariff disputes, and the final completion of the tariff bill.

The probable length of the session that begins today is uncertain. Actual work upon tariff revision probably will begin tomorrow, with the consideration of the Underwood bill by the Democratic House members, in caucus. Within a week it is expected that the tariff debate will be in full swing in the House. Senate leaders do not expect the completion of tariff work before late in July. Should currency reform also be taken up at the present session, Congress probably will remain at work until autumn.

PRESIDENT SAYS HE IS ON THE FENCE

Undecided as to Whether Tariff is to Be Revised Schedule by Schedule or in Single Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—President Wilson said today that he was on the fence as to whether the tariff should be revised schedule by schedule or in a single bill.

Seven Democratic members of the Senate finance committee argued with him for a schedule by schedule revision, but at the conclusion of the conference the President said he would take the subject under further consideration before he gave his decision.

RAILROAD LOSS TWENTY MILLION

President Willard of Baltimore & Ohio Makes Estimate After Visiting Flood District.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, April 7.—On arrival here today after an inspection tour through the flood district President Willard of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad estimated the loss by flood to his road at between \$2,500,000 and \$3,000,000. The loss to all of the railroads in the state would probably amount to \$20,000,000. At Hamilton and Dayton the entire railroad yards were swept away.

FILE BRIDGE PLANNED.

Temporary Structure to Replace One Carried Away by Freshet.

WHITE RIVER JUNCTION, Vt., April 7.—The selectmen of Hartford have let a contract to the Cummings Construction company of Ware, Mass., for the construction of a temporary bridge across the White river, to replace the one carried away by the flood of March 27. The work was started this morning.

The specifications call for a bridge on piles, with an 18-foot driveway and a four-foot walk. The construction company is to take the old bridge to pieces, use what lumber is available and pile the remainder on the bank as the Selectmen direct. It is expected the bridge will be ready for use in from four to six weeks.

Meanwhile school children who have to cross the river will be carried in a special train. The schools began today.

No action has been taken regarding a permanent highway bridge. Engineers and bridgemen are preparing to submit estimates.

WINDOWS IN SCHOOL OPEN.

Reformer's Suggestion Adopted by Prudential Committee.

Acting on The Reformer's suggestion, the prudential committee of school district No. 2 have had the windows in the school buildings open several days in addition to the usual Easter vacation cleaning in order to let the pure air and sunlight do their work of annihilating the germs of disease which might be lurking there. Besides these precautionary measures special attention was given to the High street primary school. The schools of the district will open tomorrow for the spring term.

A boomer isn't much good who's in it for himself.

CLAPP BUYS OF EMERSON

Main Street Furniture Building Changed Hands Today

HARRY L. EMERSON TO BUILD ON ELLIOT ST.

His Lease Expires April 1, 1914—Will Have Two Sites to Rent—Rumor that Mr. Clapp Will Remodel Building for Hotel.

Negotiations which had been in progress about a week culminated late Saturday afternoon, when A. B. Clapp took over the Emerson building on Main street from Sumner B. Emerson. This is a valuable piece of property, and its sale makes one of the most important real estate transactions that has taken place in Brattleboro in a long time.

The building is now occupied as a furniture and home furnishings store by Harry L. Emerson, son of the former owner of the real estate, and in order to provide for the continuation of his business H. L. Emerson will erect a building east of his Elliot street building and similar to it in dimensions.

Mr. Emerson's business is done under the firm name of Emerson & Son, his father formerly being associated with him, and his lease in his present quarters will expire April 1, 1914, at which time he will vacate the premises. Mr. Clapp has no definite plans for the use of the building, although he says he has an idea as to what he will do with it. A report is general to the effect that it will be converted into a hotel, which could be done to good advantage, but Mr. Clapp does not confirm the report. The sale was made through W. C. Horton's real estate agency, although S. B. Emerson says he pressed the matter.

The building which Mr. Clapp has bought is a four-story brick building, with basement, having large plate glass windows on the first and second floors. C. L. Brown erected the building in 1875 on the site of one formerly occupied in part by him, having bought the lot. He associated with his son, Cyril E. Brown, and they conducted a large furniture and undertaking business. The structure was erected on a rock foundation, and it was so firmly and thoroughly constructed that it has not sagged a particle. It is about 50 by 56 feet in dimensions.

In 1885 H. L. Emerson, who was in business with his father in Milford, N. H., came here and began conducting a furniture store in this building in conjunction with the Milford store. Two years later S. B. Emerson came here and soon afterwards bought the building of the Brown estate. They conducted the business together several years and 20 years ago last January H. L. Emerson bought his father's interest. Since then he has conducted it alone. Last fall H. L. Emerson bought the lot and building on Elliot street now occupied by March's bakery. Danyew's barber shop and Kaye's shoe shop. He will tear down this building and erect on the lot a brick structure five stories high in the rear and two stories high on Elliot street. It will have a frontage of 72 feet and will extend back 80 feet. Work on it will be begun as soon as possible.

Mr. Emerson will have two stores to rent, but otherwise he will occupy all of the new building. He already occupies the greater part of the Emerson building on Elliot street for warehouse purposes and it would be impossible for him to conduct his growing business in his present quarters without this additional room. It will be a decided advantage to him to have his store and warehouse near together. The new building alone will give him three times the floor space that the Main street building contains.

IMPORTANT DECISION BY SUPREME COURT

Hundreds of Corporations Will Be Relieved from Paying Federal Corporation Tax.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—Hundreds of corporations will be relieved of paying a federal corporation tax by a decision of the United States Supreme Court rendered today, the court holding that corporations leasing all their property and having no income except that yielded by the lease is not doing business and therefore is not subject to a tax.

SUFFRAGETTES IN WASHINGTON.

Petitions Presented From Every Congressional District.

Washington, April 7.—Woman suffragettes descended upon Congress again today with petitions for a constitutional amendment for equal suffrage. The bearers of the petitions represented every congressional district in the entire country.

Washday doesn't knock all the romance out of life after all.